## NOTES AND COMMUNICATIONS

## A WORK OF IBN AL-KALBĪ ON THE ARAB PENINSULA

The list of the works of Ibn al-Kalbī recorded by Ahmad Zakī Pasha (Ibn al-Kalbī, *Kitāb al-aṣnām*, Cairo, 1924, p. 73, no. 57) contains a work *Kitāb Ghuzayya* (correctly: *Kitāb Ghaziyya*; see Yāqūt, *Muʿjam al-udabā'*, ed. Ahmad Farīd Rifāʿī, Cairo, n.d., x1x, 290, l. 1); Ahmad Zakī remarks that Ghuzayya is a well-known tribe. The title of the work seems to indicate that it deals with the tradition and stories about the tribe.

The name of the book was, however, transmitted erroneously and it seems that the error crept very early into the copied book of Ibn Nadīm's *Fihrist*. The correct name of the book is recorded in the MS of al-Ḥusayn b. 'Alī b. al-Ḥasan al-Kātib, known as al-Wazīr al-Maghribī (see *GAL*, Suppl., I, 600–1), *Adab al-khawāṣṣ* (MS Brussa, Ḥusayn Çelebi, 85b) in a significant passage in which one of the meanings of the root '*arb*' is discussed (fols. 38b–39b). Al-Wazīr al-Maghribī quotes an opinion that '*arba* denotes the Arab peninsula and records a passage from Ibn al-Kalbī's book '*Arba* (so vowelled) confirming this opinion :

fa-min al-shāhidi 'alā anna 'arbata ismu jazīrati 'l-'arabi mā anshadahu hishāmun al-kalbiyyu fī kitābihi 'l-musammā 'arbata li-abī ṭālibin 'ammi 'l-nabiyyi şallā 'llāhu 'alayhi wa-'alā ālihi....<sup>1</sup>

wa-ʻarbatu ardun lā yuhillu harāmahā : min al-nāsi ghayru 'l-shautariyyi 'l-qunābili.<sup>2</sup>

Al-Wazīr al-Maghribī gives the explanation of the meanings of *shautarī* and *qunābil*<sup>3</sup> and differs with the opinion of Ibn al-Kalbī that '*arba*—according to the quoted verse—denotes the Arab peninsula. In his opinion '*arba* in the verse quoted by Ibn al-Kalbī denotes Mecca. 'But Hishām (i.e. Ibn al-Kalbī) knows better '<sup>4</sup> remarks al-Wazīr al-Maghribī respectfully at the end of the passage.

Al-Wazīr al-Maghribī may indeed be trusted in his information about genealogy and about the works of Ibn al-Kalbī. He had a profound knowledge of *nasab* which is attested by his book *al-Īnās bi-'ilmi 'l-ansāb* (British Museum,

<sup>1</sup> The author gives a detailed pedigree of Abū Tālib: ... wa-ismuhu 'Abd Manāf b. 'Abd al-Muttalib (wa-ismuhu Shayba) b. Hāshim (wa-ismuhu 'Amr) b. 'Abd Manāf (wa-ismuhu 'l-Mughīra) b. Quşayy (wa-ismuhu Zayd) b. Kilāb b. Murra b. Ka'b b. Lu'ayy b. Ghālib b. Fihr b. Mālik b. al-Nadr (wa-huwa jimā'u Quraysh, man laysa min wuldi 'l-Nadr fa-laysa min Quraysh) b. Kināna b. Khuzayma b. Mudrika (wa-ismuhu 'Amr) b. al-Yās b. Mudar b. Nizār b. Ma'add b. 'Adnān.

<sup>2</sup> See the verse in Yāqūt's Mu'jam al-buldān, s.v. 'araba with the hemistich :

min al-nāsi illā 'l-laudha'iyyu 'l-hulāhilu

and see  $L^{*}A$ , s.v. 'arb with the hemistich as in Yāqūt's Mu'jam; but  $L^{*}A$ , s.v. qubl, the hemistich is recorded as in Adab al-khawāşş.

<sup>3</sup> A rajaz verse of Abū Ghālib al-'Ijlī is quoted :

Banī Kulaybin sāqakum jaddun shaqiyy :

Hattā ramākum 'inda āṣāli 'l-'ashiyy :

 $Bi\text{-}mu!rahammin\ f\ \bar{\imath}\ 'l\text{-}shab\bar{a}bi\ shautariyy.$ 

<sup>4</sup>... wa-anā arā anna hādhā 'l-bayta yadullu 'alā ghayri mā 'stashhada bihi 'alayhi Hishāmun li-annahu yadullu 'alā Makkata faqat, wa-Hishāmun a'rafu.

MS Or. 3620).<sup>5</sup> His quotations, glosses, and remarks prove that he had a vast erudition in Jāhiliyya tradition and that he was a connoisseur of Jāhilī poetry. His immense knowledge of *nasab* is evident in his detailed pedigrees given in the recorded stories of *Adab al-khawāṣṣ*. His esteem for Ibn al-Kalbī and his keen interest in his works is attested by the comments and notes recorded on his authority in the margin of the MS of *Kitāb al-aṣnām*.<sup>6</sup>

It is evident that the work of Ibn al-Kalbī referred to by Ibn al-Nadīm in his *Fihrist* is *Kitāb 'Arba* not *Kitāb Ghaziyya*. The cause of the error is obvious : the slight graphical difference between عربة and عربة which led to the clerical error. The quotations recorded on the authority of Ibn al-Kalbī in Yāqūt's Mu'jam al-buldān 7 are with all probability derived from his *Kitāb 'Arba*, a book obviously dealing with the Arab peninsula.

M. J. KISTER

<sup>5</sup> The note of the editor Ahmad Farīd Rifā'ī in Ibn Khallikan's Wafayāt (v, 39, n. 3): huwa kitābun fī 'l-muhādarāt wa 'l-adab is erroneous.

6 See al-Așnām, 26-7.

<sup>7</sup> s.v. 'Araba Beirut, 1957, IV, 97a, 97b; see the verses of Ibn Munqidh, and Abū Sufyān al-Aklubī (pp. 97, 98) in Adab al-khawāşş, fol. 39b f. (On Abū Sufyān al-Aklubī see al-Sam'ānī, al-Ansāb, ed. al-Mu'allimī, Hyderabad, 1962, I, p. 337, n. 1.)